Application No.: 09/755,383

Page 6

72. (Amended) The method of claim 71, wherein a magnitude of the haptic feedback is

increased in response to increases in the detected degree of force or pressure.

73. (Amended) The method of claim 71, wherein outputting haptic feedback includes

simulating friction.

74. (Amended) The method of claim 71, wherein outputting haptic feedback includes

outputting haptic feedback based on a velocity of the object in the x-y plane.

75. (Amended) The method of claim 71, wherein outputting haptic feedback is based on

detecting a predetermined level of force.

76. (Amended) The method of claim 71, further comprising controlling an indexing

function of said user interface device based on the detected degree of force.

Remarks

Reconsideration of this Application is respectfully requested. Upon entry of the

foregoing amendment, claims 47-76 are pending in the application, with claims 47, 60 and 71

being the independent claims.

Claim Rejections Under 35 U.S.C. 103

Claims 47-50, 52, 54, 56-60, 71-73 and 75 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being

unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 5,642,469 to Hannaford et al. ("the Hannaford patent"). The

Hannaford patent discloses a manipulator that can serve as an input device for controlling

movement of a robot or other real or simulated device. The device of the Hannaford patent

includes a planar disc that is movable in an x-y plane. A set of sensors coupled to the disc detect

the movement. Force can be applied in the x-y plane in response to movement of the disc via

Application No.: 09/755,383

Page 7

actuators coupled to the planar disc. The device is also configured to detect force in the z-

direction by a separate set of sensors. Force can be applied in the z-direction via another set of

actuators.

The invention as recited by independent claim 47 includes "a touchpad sensor configured

to detect a position and motion of an object in an x-y plane, said touchpad sensor further

configured to detect a degree of force applied to said touchpad sensor in a z-direction." The

Hannaford patent fails to disclose a touchpad sensor that detects motion in the x-y plane as well

as force in the z-direction. Moreover, the Hannaford patent fails to disclose "at least one actuator

coupled to and spaced apart from said touchpad sensor." The actuators in the device of the

Hannaford patent are co-located with the sensors.

The invention as recited by independent claim 60 includes "a touchpad sensor, spaced

apart from the object, the touchpad sensor configured to detect motion of said object in the x-y

plane, the touchpad sensor further configured to detect a degree of force applied to said touchpad

sensor in a z-direction." As discussed above, the Hannaford patent fails to disclose a touchpad

sensor that detects motion in the x-y plane as well as force applied in the z-direction. For at least

this reason, claim 60 is allowable over the cited reference.

The invention as recited by independent claim 71 includes "detecting a position and

motion of an object in an x-y plane using a touchpad sensor" and "detecting with the touchpad

sensor a degree of force applied to the touchpad sensor in a z-direction" As discussed above, the

Hannaford patent fails to disclose a touchpad sensor that detects motion in the x-y plane as well

as force applied in the z-direction. Moreover, as discussed above, the Hannaford patent fails to

disclose an "actuator being coupled to and spaced apart from the touchpad sensor." For at least

these reasons, claim 71 is allowable over the cited references.

Application No.: 09/755,383

Page 8

Dependent claims 48-50, 52, 54, 56-59, 72-73 and 75 are allowable at least due to their

dependence upon independent claims 47, 60 and 71.

Claims 51, 53, 55, 61-70, 74 and 76 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being

unpatentable over the Hannaford patent in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,111,577 to Zillies et al.

("the Zillies patent"). Dependent claims 51, 53, 55, 61-70, 74 and 76 are allowable at least due

to their dependence upon independent claims 47, 60 and 71.

Claim Objections

Claims 46, 60 and 71 were objected to because of certain informalities. The Examiner

suggests that the term "touchpad sensor" does not appear to be supported by the specification or

the drawings. The Examiner further suggests that the term "touchpad" is "confusing within the

context of the association this term has in the art." Applicants submit that the claimed "touchpad

sensor" is supported by at least Figure 4f (illustrating touchpad sensor 161) and the

corresponding description "Sensor 162 includes a planar sensor or "touch pad" 161..." (See U.S.

Patent No. 6,191,774, the disclosure of which is incorporated by reference in the present

application, at col. 18, line 66-col. 19, line 2).

Conclusion

All of the stated grounds of objection and rejection have been properly traversed,

accommodated, or rendered moot. Applicant therefore respectfully requests that the Examiner

reconsider all presently outstanding objections and rejections and that they be withdrawn.

Applicants believe that a full and complete response has been made to the outstanding Office

Action and, as such, the present application is in condition for allowance. If the Examiner

Application No.: 09/755,383

Page 9

believes, for any reason, that further personal communication will expedite prosecution of this application, the Examiner is invited to telephone the undersigned at the number provided.

Prompt and favorable consideration of this Amendment is respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,

COOLEY GODWARD LLP

Date: November 22, 2002

By:

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Enclosure: Appendix indicating claim amendments

Application No.: 09/755,383

Page 10

Claim Amendments

47. A device-engaged by a user for controlling a graphical cursor displayed by a host computer in communication with said user interface device, and for providing tactile feedback, said user interface device comprising:

a planar touchpad sensor able<u>configured</u> to detect <u>planar usera position and</u> motion<u>of an</u> <u>object</u> in an x-y plane, said touchpad sensor <u>alsofurther</u> <u>ableconfigured</u> to detect a degree of force or <u>pressure</u> applied to said touchpad sensor <u>by said user</u> in a z-direction<u> and to output at least one sensor signal, the sensor signal being based on the position of the object, the motion of the object and the detected degree of force; and</u>

at least one actuator providing tactile sensations coupled to and spaced apart from said usertouchpad sensor, said at least one actuator controlled by software configured to receive a feedback signal from the computer and generate said tactile sensations, said software controlling said actuator as a function of haptic feedback based on the feedback signal, the feedback signal being correlated with the sensor signal a position of said cursor displayed by said host computer, and said software controlling said actuator also as a function of said detected degree of force or pressure applied to said touchpad sensor in said z direction.

- 48. A user interface The device as recited inof claim 4747, wherein said software increases the a magnitude of said tactile sensations in response the haptic feedback is proportional to increases in the detected degree of force or pressure.
- 49. A user interface The device as recited inof claim 4848, wherein said tactile sensations the haptic feedback is configured to simulate a sense of friction for in the user x-y plane.
- 50. A user interface The device as recited inof claim 4848, wherein said tactile sensations are the haptic feedback is based on data values associated with a simulated graphical representation of a pen-tip drawing graphical objects or shapes upon a graphical display.

Application No.: 09/755,383

Page 11

51. A user interface The device as recited in of claim 4747, wherein said actuators ensor signal is also controlled as further based on a function of the velocity of user the motion object in the x-y plane.

- 52. A user interface as recited in The device of claim 4851, wherein said tactile sensations are the haptic feedback is a texture sensations.
- 53. A user interface The device as recited inof claim 5152, wherein the feel of said texture to said user sensation is modulated as a function of both the applied pressure detected degree of force in the z-axis direction and the velocity of user motion in the x-y plane.
- 54. A user interface The device as recited inof claim 4747, wherein said tactile sensations are deactivated when the user actuator is not engaging said user interface with sufficient pressure configured to generate the haptic feedback if the detected degree of force exceeds a predetermined level.
- 55. A user interface The device as recited in of claim 4747, wherein said the detected degree of force or pressure in said z direction is also used operative to control an indexing function of said user interface device.
- 56. A user interface The device as recited inof claim 4747, wherein said touchpad sensor senses is configured to detect a contact location of contact a pointer member, the pointer member being associated with a pointer member having movement controlled by said user the object.
- 57. A user interface The device as recited inof claim 4747, further comprising a linkage mechanism eoupling a user manipulatable configured to couple the object to said actuator, wherein said linkage mechanism allows said user being configured to allow motion of said user the object in said the x-y plane.

Application No.: 09/755,383

Page 12

58. A user interface The device as recited in of claim 4747, wherein said user manipulatable the object is one of a mouse and a stylus.

- 59. A user interface The device as recited in of claim 4747, wherein said touchpad sensor is a planar photo diode.
- 60. A user interface device-engaged by a user-for controlling a graphical cursor on a display of a host computer in communication with said user interface device, and for providing tactile feedback, said user interface device comprising:

a user manipulatable object contacted by a user and moveable by said user in an x-y plane;

a planar touchpad sensor able to detect said motion of said user manipulatable object movable in saidan x-y plane, said touchpad sensor also able to detect the object being associated with a degree graphical representation of force or pressure applied to said touchpad sensor by said user in a z-direction; and

at least one actuator providing tactile sensations to said user, said at least one actuator controlled as a function of a position of said cursor and as:

a function of said detected degree of force or pressure applied to said touchpad sensor in said z-spaced apart from the object, the touchpad sensor configured to detect motion of said object in the x-y plane, the touchpad sensor further configured to detect a degree of force applied to said touchpad sensor in a z-direction; and

at least one actuator configured to provide haptic feedback to the object, the actuator being controlled based on the detected degree of force applied to said touchpad sensor.

61. A user interface The device as recited in claim 60 of 60, further comprising a control processor separate from said host computer, said configured to send a control processor signal controlling to said actuator to output said tactile sensations generate the haptic feedback, and wherein data derived from said the control signal being based on at least the detected degree of force or pressure applied to said touchpad sensor is used by said control processor, at least in part, to compute said tactile sensations.

Application No.: 09/755,383

Page 13

62. A user interface The device as recited inof claim 6160, wherein said tactile sensations are the haptic feedback is provided in said the x-y plane of said user manipulatable the object and, the haptic feedback being configured to include a damping sensation, a magnitude of said the damping sensation being dependent in part based on said data derived from said at least the detected degree of force or pressure applied to said touchpad sensor.

- 63. A user interface The device as recited inof claim 6262, wherein the damping sensation is proportional to the detected degree of force applied to said damping sensation created by said actuators has a greater magnitude when said user is applying more pressure on said user object into said x-y plane and wherein said damping sensation created by said at least one actuator has a lesser magnitude when said user is applying less pressure on said user manipulatable object into said x-y planar workspacetouchpad sensor.
- 64. A user interface The device as recited in of claim 6160, wherein said tactile sensations include the haptic feedback includes a friction sensation, a magnitude of said the friction sensation being dependent in part based on data derived from said at least the detected degree of force or pressure applied to said touchpad sensor.
- 65. A user interface as recited in The device of claim 6464, wherein the friction sensation is proportional to the detected degree of force applied to said friction sensation created by said actuators has a greater magnitude when said user is applying more pressure on said user object into said x-y planar workspace and wherein said friction sensation created by said actuators has a lesser magnitude when said user is applying less pressure on said user manipulatable object in said x-y planetouchpad sensor.
- 66. A user interface The device as recited inof claim 6160, wherein said feel sensation the haptic feedback is a texture sensation, the magnitude of said the texture sensation being dependent in part based on data derived from said at least the detected degree of force or pressure applied to said touch pad sensor.
- 67. A user interface The device as recited in of claim 6666, wherein the texture sensation ereated by is proportional to the detected degree of force applied to said at least one

Application No.: 09/755,383

Page 14

actuator is stronger when said user is applying a greater amount of pressure on said user

manipulatable object into said x y plane and wherein said texture sensation created by said at

least one actuator is weaker when said user is applying a lesser amount of pressure on said user

manipulatable object into said x-y planetouchpad sensor.

68. A user interface The device as recited in of claim 6160, wherein said user

manipulatable object is a mouse, and whereinthe detected degree of force applied to said

touchpad sensor measures how hard said user pushes down on is proportional to an external force

received by a top surface of saidthe mouse.

69. A user interfaceThe device as recited inof claim 6160, wherein said-user

manipulatable object is a stylus, and whereinthe detected degree of force applied to said

touchpad sensor measures how hard said user pushes down on said is proportional to an external

force received at the stylus.

70. A user interface The device as recited in of claim 60 wherein data corresponding to

said detected degree of force or pressure is also used to monitor safety, 61, wherein said control

processor limits said force output from said at least one actuatoris configured to send the control

signal when said user is not pushing down on said user manipulatable object with sufficientthe

detected degree of force is at a predetermined level.

71. A method for providing tactile feedback, using a user interface device engaged by

a user for controlling a graphical cursor-displayed by a host computer in communication with

said user interface device, the method comprising:

detecting planar a position and a motion of a user manipulatable object in an object in an

x-y plane using a touchpad sensor;

detecting with saidthe touchpad sensor a degree of force or pressure applied to saidthe

touchpad sensor by said user in a z-direction; and

Application No.: 09/755,383

Page 15

providing tactile sensations to said user using at least one actuator of said user interface device, said actuator receiving a feedback signal from a computer, the feedback signal being controlled as based on data values associated with a function position of a position graphical

representation of saida cursor, controllable by the object; and controlled as a function of said

degree of force or pressure applied to said

outputting haptic feedback to the object via an actuator, the actuator being coupled to and spaced apart from the touchpad sensor in said z-direction, the actuator configured to output haptic feedback correlated with the feedback signal.

72. AThe method as recited inof claim 7171, wherein thea magnitude of said tactile

sensations the haptic feedback is increased in response to increases in the detected degree of force

or pressure.

73. A<u>The</u> method as recited inof claim 7171, wherein said tactile sensations simulate

a sense of outputting haptic feedback includes simulating friction for the user.

74. A<u>The</u> method as recited inof claim 7171, wherein said actuator is also controlled

asoutputting haptic feedback includes outputting haptic feedback based on a function of the

velocity of userthe motionobject in the x-y plane.

75. AThe method as recited inof claim 7171, wherein said tactile sensations are

deactivated when the useroutputting haptic feedback is not engaging said user interface with

sufficient pressure based on detecting a predetermined level of force.

76. A<u>The</u> method as recited inof claim 71 wherein said degree of force or pressure in

said z direction is also used to control 71, further comprising controlling an indexing function of

said user interface device based on the detected degree of force.

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